CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1. A method of producing high pressure hydrogen on-demand comprising: providing a hydrogen feedstock at a high pressure;
- 5 providing water at a high pressure;

high pressure conditions.

heating the hydrogen feedstock and water; and
placing the hydrogen feedstock and water into a catalytic reformer, wherein the
hydrogen feedstock and water are exposed to a catalyst in the reformer under

- 10 2. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is natural gas.
 - 3. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is methanol.
 - 4. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is methane.
 - 5. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is ethanol.
 - 6. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrocarbon feedstock is propane.
- 15 7. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is butane.
 - 8. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is naphtha or gasoline.
 - 9. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is ammonia.

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- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is military-specification turbine fuel, commercial turbine fuel, diesel fuel, kerosene, or fuel oil.
- 11. The method of claim 1, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is natural gas condensate liquids or natural gasoline.
- 5 12. The method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a pressure in the catalytic reformer in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi.
 - 13. The method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a pressure in the catalytic reformer in the range of 3,200 to 12,000 psi.
- 14. The method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a pressure in the
 10 catalytic reformer to be greater than 3,200 psi.
 - 15. The method of claim 1, further comprising maintaining a temperature in the catalytic reformer in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius.
- The method of claim 1, further comprising:
 maintaining a pressure in the catalytic reformer in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi;
 and maintaining a temperature in the catalytic reformer in the range of 375° to 640°
 Celsius.
 - 17. The method of claim 1, further comprising separating hydrogen from other reformer output gases.
- 18. The method of claim 17, wherein carbon dioxide and water are separated from20 hydrogen using a condenser.

- 19. The method of claim 1, wherein carbon dioxide is separated and recovered for sequestration or other utilization option.
- 20. The method of claim 1, further comprising using produced hydrogen to power a fuel cell.
- 5 21. The method of claim 20, further comprising using heat generated by the fuel cell to heat the catalytic reformer.
 - 22. An apparatus for producing high pressure hydrogen comprising: a preheater for heating a mixture of high pressure hydrogen feedstock and high pressure water;
- a catalytic reformer for receiving the preheated mixture and for facilitating the
 exposure of the mixture to a catalyst under high pressure conditions to produce
 hydrogen and other products; and
 a condenser for separating the generated hydrogen from the other products.
 - 23. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is natural gas.
- 15 24. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is methanol.
 - 25. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is comprised of one of methane, ethanol, propane, butane, naphtha, gasoline, ammonia, military-specification turbine fuel, commercial turbine fuel, diesel fuel, fuel oil, kerosene, natural gas condensate liquids, and natural gasoline.
- 26. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the hydrocarbon fuel is comprised of a combination of one or more of natural gas, methanol, methane, ethanol, propane,

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butane, naphtha, gasoline, ammonia, military-specification turbine fuel, commercial turbine fuel, diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, natural gas condensate liquids, and natural gasoline.

- 27. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the catalytic reformer is configured to maintain a pressure in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi.
 - 28. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the catalytic reformer is configured to maintain a pressure in the range of 3,200 to 12,000 psi.
 - 29. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the catalytic reformer is configured to maintain a pressure greater than 3,200 psi.
- 10 30. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the catalytic reformer is configured to maintain a temperature in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius.
 - 31. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein the catalytic reformer is configured to maintain a pressure in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi and a temperature in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius.
- 15 32. The apparatus of claim 22, wherein hydrogen and carbon dioxide are produced, and wherein the carbon dioxide is recovered for sequestration or other utilization option.
 - 33. The apparatus of claim 22, further comprising a fuel cell powered by the produced hydrogen.

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- 34. The apparatus of claim 33, wherein the fuel cell is operatively coupled to the catalytic reformer to provide heat to the catalytic reformer.
- 35. A method of producing high pressure hydrogen comprising: injecting high pressure water and a high pressure hydrogen carrier into a catalytic reformer;
- configuring the catalytic reformer to facilitate a reaction temperature in the range of 375 to 640 degrees Celsius and a reaction pressure in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi to facilitate the generation of hydrogen and other gases; and separating the generated hydrogen from the other reformer output gases.
- 10 36. The method of claim 35, wherein the hydrogen carrier is natural gas.
 - 37. The method of claim 35, wherein the hydrogen carrier is methanol.
 - 38. The method of claim 35, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is comprised of a combination of one or more of methane, ethanol, propane, butane, naphtha, gasoline, ammonia, military-specification turbine fuel, commercial turbine fuel, diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, natural gas condensate liquids, and natural gasoline.
 - 39. The method of claim 35, further comprising heating the water and hydrogen carrier prior to the injection into the catalytic reformer.
 - 40. The method of claim 35, wherein the generated hydrogen is used to power a fuel cell, the method further comprising using heat generated by the fuel cell to heat the catalytic reformer.

- 41. The method of claim 35, wherein hydrogen and carbon dioxide are produced, the method further comprising recovering the carbon dioxide for sequestration or other utilization option.
- 42. A method of producing high pressure hydrogen comprising:
- heating a mixture of water and hydrogen feedstock;
 exposing the mixture to a catalyst under high pressure, moderate temperature
 conditions to create one or more products, including hydrogen; and
 using a condenser to at least partially separate hydrogen from the other products.
 - 43. The method of claim 42, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is natural gas.
- 10 44. The method of claim 42, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is methanol.
- 45. The method of claim 42, wherein the hydrogen feedstock is comprised of a combination of one or more of natural gas, methanol, methane, ethanol, propane, butane, naphtha, gasoline, ammonia, military-specification turbine fuel, commercial turbine fuel, diesel fuel, kerosene, fuel oil, natural gas condensate liquids, and natural gasoline.
 - 46. The method of claim 42, wherein the mixture is exposed to the catalyst under a temperature in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius.
 - 47. The method of claim 42, wherein the mixture is exposed to the catalyst at a pressure in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi.
- 20 48. The method of claim 42, wherein the mixture is exposed to the catalyst at a pressure in the range of 3,200 to 12,000 psi.

- 49. The method of claim 42, wherein the mixture is exposed to the catalyst at a pressure greater than 3,200 psi.
- 50. The method of claim 42, wherein the mixture is exposed to the catalyst under a temperature in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius and at a pressure in the range of 2,000 to 12,000 psi.

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51. A method of producing hydrogen comprising:

providing a mixture of a hydrogen feedstock and water; and

exposing the mixture to a catalyst in a catalytic reformer, wherein the temperature in

the reformer is in the range of 375° to 640° Celsius, and the pressure in the

reformer is in the range of 3,200 to 12,000 psi.